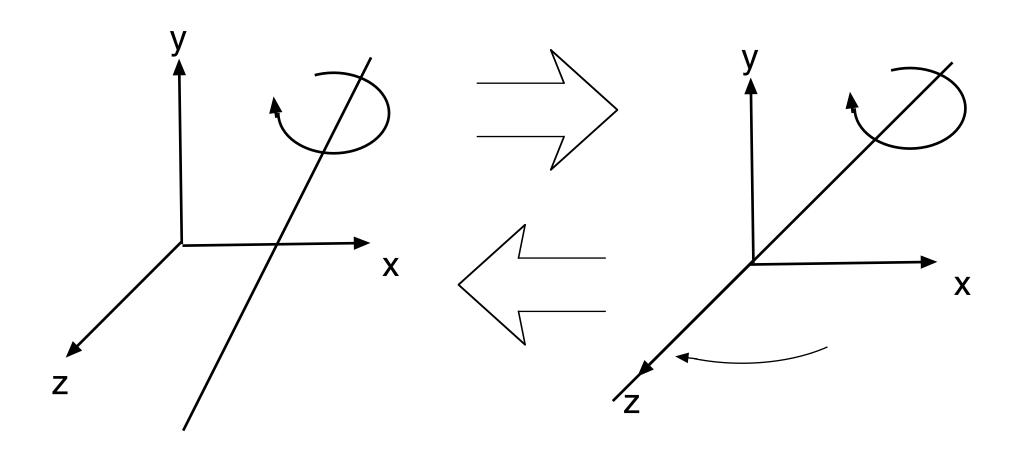


More transformations Rotation around arbitrary axis



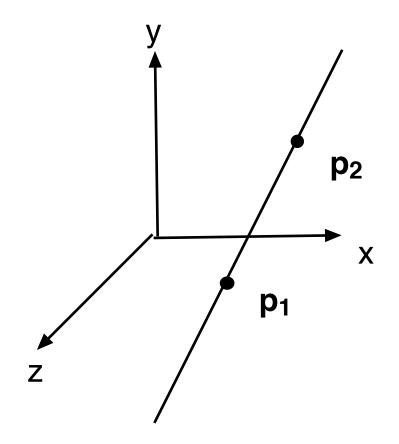
Rotation around arbitrary axis



Transform to align axis with the Z axis, rotate, and transform back.



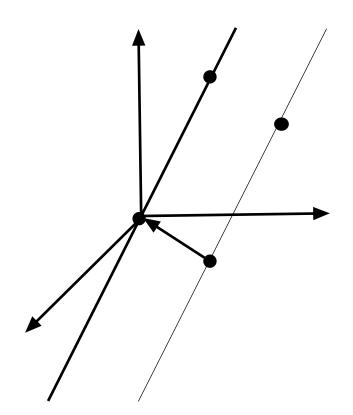
Definition of the rotation axis



p₁ and p₂ define the rotation axis



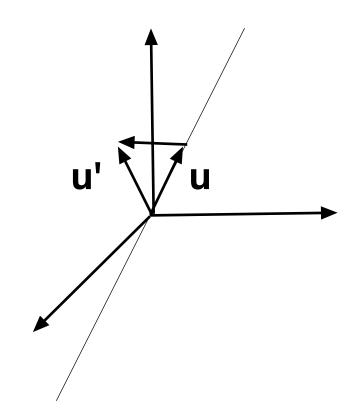
Translate to origin



 $T(-p_1)$



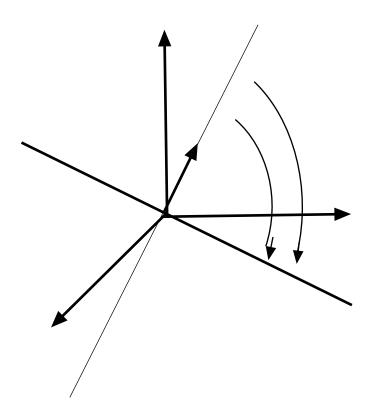
Geometrical method Finding an angle to rotate around X



Project u on the yz plane = $(0, u_y, u_z)$



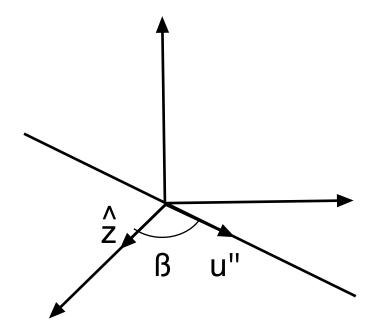
Rotate around X



 $R_X(\alpha)$



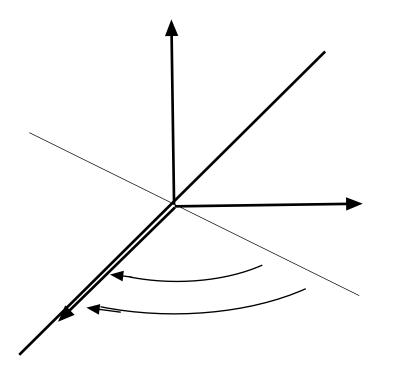
Finding an angle to rotate around Y



u" and \hat{z} gives the angle ß in the xz plane



Rotate around Y



Ry(ß)

Rotation around arbitrary axis, summary:

The axis to rotate around is given as two points, \mathbf{p}_1 and \mathbf{p}_2 .

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{p}_2 - \mathbf{p}_1$$

 $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{v} / |\mathbf{v}| = (\mathbf{u}_x, \mathbf{u}_y, \mathbf{u}_z) \text{ Normalized!}$
 $\mathbf{d} = \sqrt{\mathbf{u}_v^2 + \mathbf{u}_z^2}$

$$\mathbf{R}_{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & u_{z}/d & -u_{y}/d & 0 \\ 0 & u_{y}/d & u_{z}/d & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

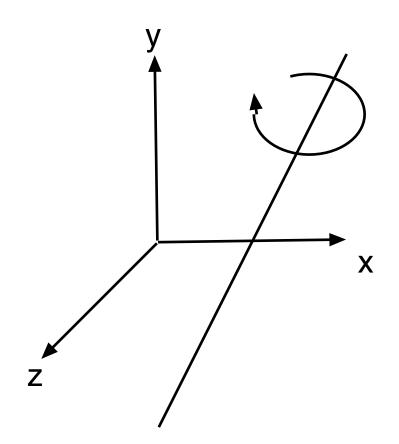
$$\mathbf{R}_{y} = \begin{bmatrix} d & 0 & -u_{x} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ u_{x} & 0 & d & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Total transformation:

$$R(\theta) = T(p_1) * R_x^T * R_y^T * R_z(\theta) * R_y * R_x * T(-p_1)$$



Rotation around arbitrary axis in OpenGL



Create matrices, multiply on CPU, upload to uniform matrices.



Rotation around arbitrary axis, using change of basis:

Total transformation:

$$R(\theta) = T(p_1) * R^T * R_z(\theta) * R * T(-p_1)$$



Application of rotation around arbitrary axis: Trackball control

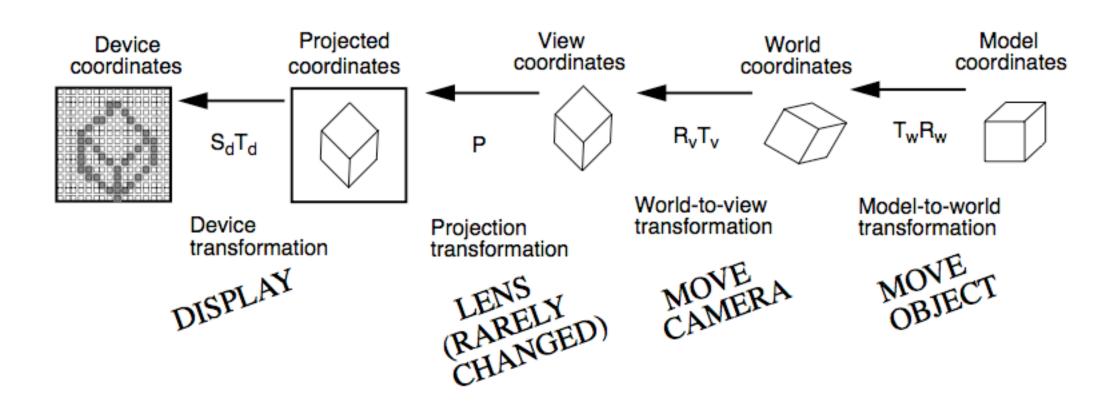


Create rotation from user's mouse input

Picking for object selection



Trackball: What coordinate system?



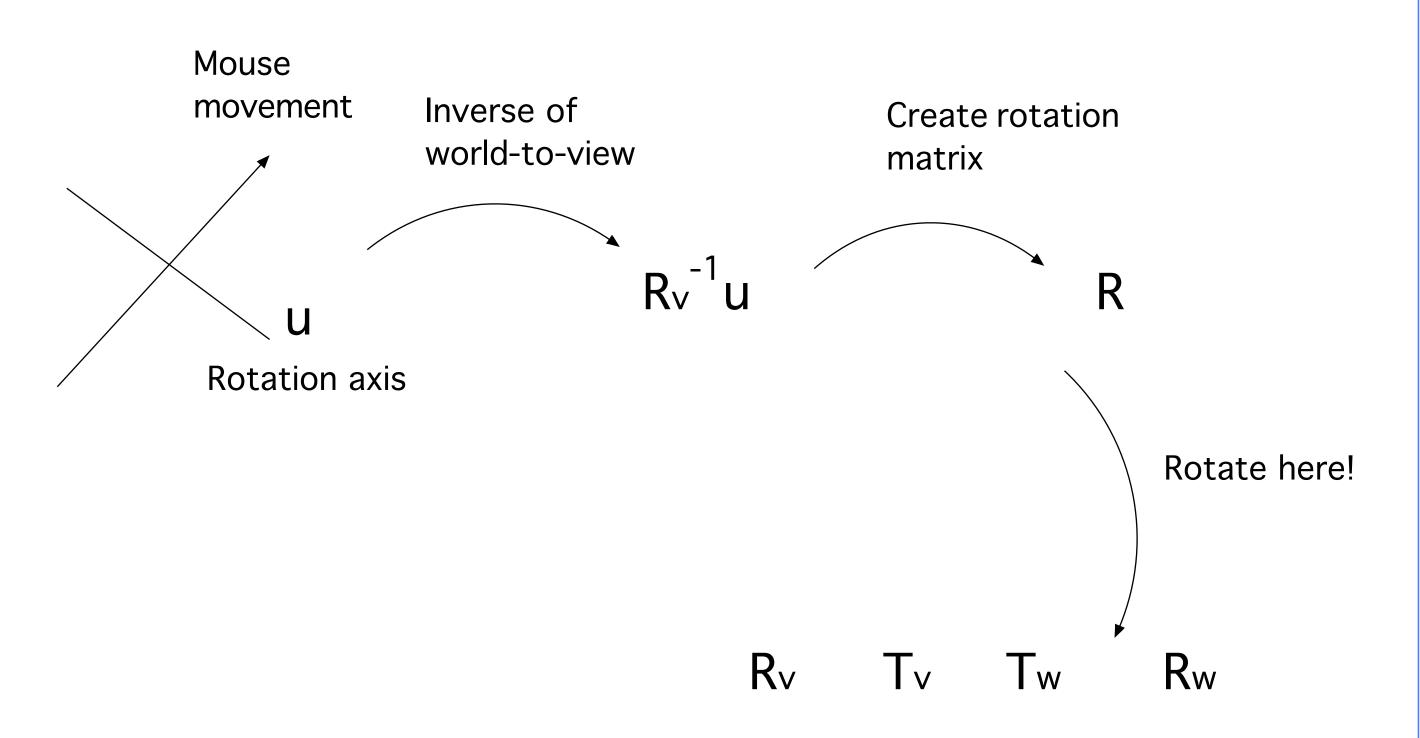


Input on screen -> view coordinates

Rotation of model -> rotate near model

Solution: Transform to model coordinates, rotations only (avoid rotation of translation)







Pretty easy, just rotation around arbitrary axis and knowing the transformation sequence!

