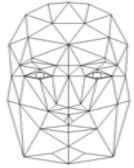


Information Coding / Computer Graphics, ISY, LiTH

## **Lecture 2**

**2D transformations**

**Introduction to OpenGL**



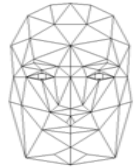
Information Coding / Computer Graphics, ISY, LiTH

# OpenGL

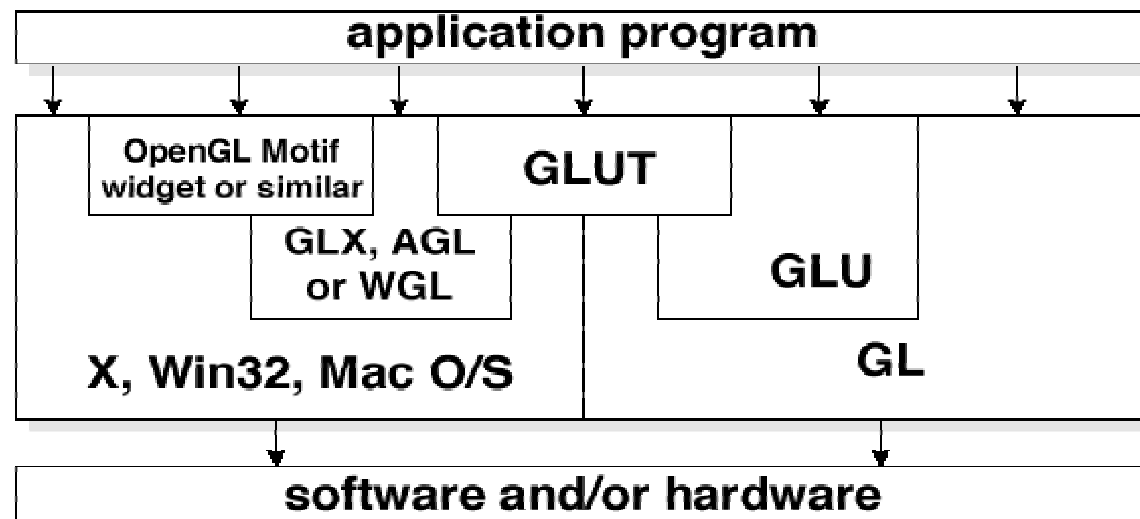
where it fits

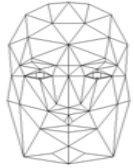
what it contains

how you work with it



# OpenGL and Related APIs





Information Coding / Computer Graphics, ISY, LiTH

## **OpenGL parts:**

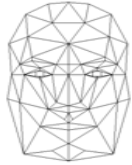
**GL = Graphics Library (core lib)**

**GLU = GL Utilities (always present)**

**GLX, AGL, WGL = System dependent libraries**

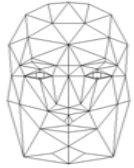
**GLUT = GL Utility Toolkit (optional)**

**Also note: SDL (Simple Directmedia Layer)**



## Sample main program (in C)

```
void main( int argc, char** argv )
{
    int mode = GLUT_RGB|GLUT_DOUBLE;
    glutInitDisplayMode( mode );
    glutCreateWindow( argv[0] );
    init();
    glutDisplayFunc( display );
    glutReshapeFunc( resize );
    glutKeyboardFunc( key );
    glutIdleFunc( idle );
    glutMainLoop();
}
```

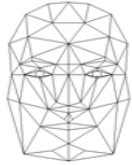


## **Name conventions**

**All calls prefixed by gl, glu, glut**

**All constants prefixed by GL, GLU, GLUT**

**All calls suffixed by number, f,d,v**



## Example

**glVertex2fv( v )**

**umber of  
omponents**

- (x,y)
- (x,y,z)
- (x,y,z,w)

**ata type**

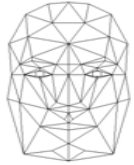
- byte
- b** - unsigned byte
- short integer
- s** - unsigned short
- int (integer)
- i** - unsigned int
- float
- double

**ector**

**f present: arguments  
re array**

**f omitted: arguments as  
eparate scalars:**

**lVertex2f( x, y )**



## OpenGL type names

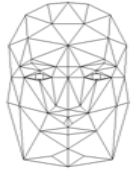
Standard types redefined prefixed GL  
(for compatibility reasons)

From gl.h:

```
typedef unsigned long GLenum;  
typedef unsigned char GLboolean;  
typedef unsigned long GLbitfield;  
typedef signed char GLbyte;  
typedef short GLshort;  
typedef long GLint;  
typedef long GLsizei;  
typedef unsigned char GLubyte;
```

```
typedef unsigned short GLushort;  
typedef unsigned long GLuint;  
typedef float GLfloat;  
typedef float GLclampf;  
typedef double GLdouble;  
typedef double GLclampd;  
typedef void GLvoid;
```

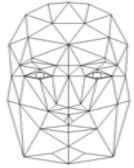




## OpenGL Initialization

### Set up whatever state you're going to use

```
void init( void )
{
    glClearColor( 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0 );
    glClearDepth( 1.0 );
    glEnable( GL_LIGHT0 );
    glEnable( GL_LIGHTING );
    glEnable( GL_DEPTH_TEST );
}
```



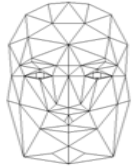
## **GLUT Callback Functions**

### **Routines for GLUT to call when something happens**

- window resize or redraw
- user input
- animation

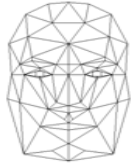
“Register” callbacks with GLU

```
glutDisplayFunc( display );  
glutIdleFunc( idle );  
glutKeyboardFunc( keyboard );
```



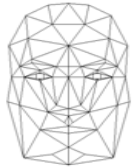
## Rendering Callback Do all of our drawing here

```
glutDisplayFunc( display );  
void display( void )  
{  
    glClear( GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT );  
    glBegin( GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP );  
    glVertex3fv( v[0] );  
    glVertex3fv( v[1] );  
    glVertex3fv( v[2] );  
    glVertex3fv( v[3] );  
    glEnd();  
    glutSwapBuffers();  
}
```



## **Timer Callbacks Use for animation and continuous update**

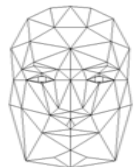
```
glutTimerFunc( time, idle );  
  
void timerFunc( ignoredValue )  
{  
    t +=dt;  
    glutTimerFunc(20, timerFunc, 0);  
    glutPostRedisplay();  
}
```



## Simple Example

**A shape can be hard-coded as a function**

```
void drawRhombus( GLfloat color[] )
{
    glBegin( GL_QUADS );
    glColor3fv( color );
    glVertex2f( 0.0, 0.0 );
    glVertex2f( 1.0, 0.0 );
    glVertex2f( 1.5, 1.118 );
    glVertex2f( 0.5, 1.118 );
    glEnd();
}
```

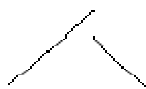


# OpenGL Geometric Primitives

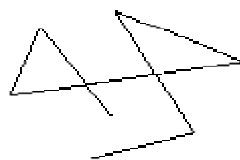
All geometric primitives are specified by vertices



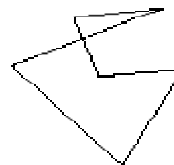
GL\_POINTS



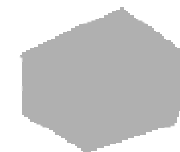
GL\_LINES



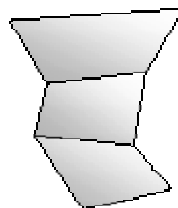
GL\_LINE\_STRIP



GL\_LINE\_LOOP



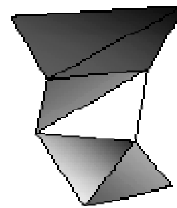
GL\_POLYGON



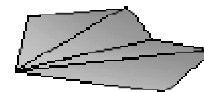
GL\_QUAD\_STRIP



GL\_QUADS



GL\_TRIANGLE\_STRIP

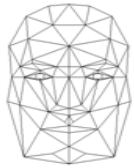


GL\_TRIANGLE\_FAN



GL\_TRIANGLES





## Specifying geometric primitives

**primitive is described within a begin/end pair:**

```
glBegin( primtype );  
glEnd();
```

**etween them, put glVertex for specifying vertices,  
nd other call for changing the state (color, texture...)**

**“Immediate mode”**



## OpenGL color

**GBA or indexed color**

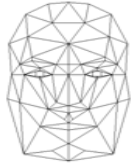
**We primarily use RGBA**

**R = red  
= green  
= blue  
= alpha**

**alues are specified from 0.0 to 1.0**

**Alpha = transparency!**





## **OpenGL state**

**he state is a set of internal values in OpenGL.**

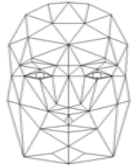
**Vertex attributes (color, texture...)**

**Activation of features with glEnable**

**- Transformation matrix**

**ny change you make lasts until you change it again!**

**ou don't automatically get the default back, you get  
hat you used the last time.**



## Common OpenGL state manipulating calls

### Vertex attributes:

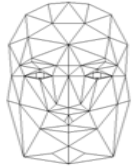
`IColor*()`, `glNormal*()`, `glTexCoord*()`

### Setting state variables:

`glPointSize(size)`  
`glLineStipple( repeat, pattern)`  
`glShadeModel( GL_SMOOTH )`

### Enabling and disabling features:

`glEnable( GL_LIGHTING )`  
`glDisable( GL_TEXTURE_2D )`



# Affine transformations in OpenGL

**Rotation, translation, scaling and more**

**Transformations are concatenated (multiplied) on the current matrix**

**POST-multiplication:  $\text{current} := \text{current} * \text{new}$**

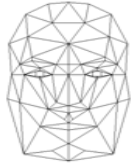
**glLoadIdentity() sets the matrix to the identity matrix!**

**glTranslate\*()**

**glRotate\*()**

**glScale\*()**

**glLoadMatrix\*( m ) sets the current matrix to m.**



## Manipulating the current matrix

**Very important: Saving and restoring**

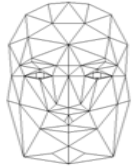
**glPushMatrix() saves a copy of the current matrix on a stack**

**glPopMatrix() restores the matrix from the top of the stack.**

**For completeness: You can use any matrix**

**glLoadMatrix\*( m ) sets the current matrix to m.**

**glMultMatrix\*( m ) applies the matrix m**



## Transformation example

**void display( void )**

```
glClear( GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT );  
glColor3fv((const GLfloat *)&color);
```

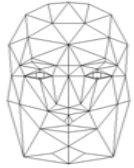
```
glLoadIdentity();
```

```
glRotatef(45, 0,0,1);  
glTranslatef(0, -1, 0);
```

```
glBegin( GL_POLYGON);  
glVertex2f(0, 0);  
glVertex2f(1, 0);  
glVertex2f(0, 0.5);  
glEnd();
```

```
glFlush();
```

eware that the order of transformations matter!

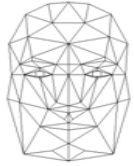


## **Specifying geometric primitives II**

**Alternative to “Immediate mode”: Specify geometry by passing arrays of vertices and connectivity.**

**glDrawElements();**

**More efficient. Good for complex geometry.**



Information Coding / Computer Graphics, ISY, LiTH

## **Next lecture:**

**Adding the third dimension!**

**All this and more. Transformations.  
Camera placement and projection.**